

## Proposed Nomenclature for Steady Shear Flow and Linear Viscoelastic Behavior

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Eighteen years ago Leaderman [*Trans. Soc. Rheol.*, **I**, 213 (1957)] published a nomenclature for linear viscoelasticity. Since that time the science of rheology has matured and its use in other disciplines has grown. In order to facilitate communication between these diverse disciplines, a systematic organization of names and symbols is very desirable.

In 1970, F. R. Eirich, as vice-president of the Society of Rheology, formed an ad hoc committee to review the status of rheological nomenclature. This committee first convened at the Princeton Annual Society meeting. The committee then agreed that a uniform system of nomenclature for material properties, such as moduli, viscosities, etc., was needed. It was also agreed that the existing prevalent usages should serve as guide lines for proposed nomenclature.

Subsequent to the original meeting, several approaches to a uniform system of nomenclature were explored. The results were distilled down to the nomenclature list proposed in the *Rheology Bulletin*, Vol. 43. Several corrections and comments have been included in the final nomenclature published in this report. A major addition is the use of SI units, as well as the cgs system.

The committee recommends that the Society of Rheology members adopt this nomenclature in their communications to the Society. The committee expressly recommends standardization of those symbols and notations representing material constants, material functions, and notations for the directions of shearing flow.

The present committee did not consider it necessary or advisable to develop a dictionary of (phenomenological) behavior. A dictionary of this type by M. Reiner and G. W. Scott Blair is currently

Nomenclature for Simple Steady Shear Flow  
 $v_x = f(y)$  or  $v_y = f(x_2)$

Symbol	Name	Definition	Units					
			Name	SI System			cgs System	
				Symbol	Dimensions	Name	Units	
$x,1$	geometric direction of flow	—	—	—	—	—	—	
$y,2$	direction of velocity change	—	—	—	—	—	—	
$z,3$	neutral direction	—	—	—	—	—	—	
$\sigma \equiv \sigma_{21}$	shear stress in simple steady shear flow	—	Pascal	Pa	$\text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$ or $(\text{N}/\text{m}^2)$	—	dyne $\text{cm}^{-2}$	
$\dot{\gamma}$	shear rate	$dv_x/dy$	$\text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{s}^{-1}$	—	$\text{s}^{-1}$	
$\eta$	viscosity	$\sigma/\dot{\gamma}$	Pascal second	Pa · s	$\text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ or $(\text{N} \cdot \text{s}/\text{m}^2)$	Poise	dyne · s · $\text{cm}^{-2}$	
$N_1$	first normal stress function	$\sigma_{11} - \sigma_{22}$	Pascal	Pa	$\text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$ or $(\text{N}/\text{m}^2)$	—	dyne $\text{cm}^{-2}$	
$N_2$	second normal stress function	$\sigma_{22} - \sigma_{33}$	Pascal	Pa	$\text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$ or $(\text{N}/\text{m}^2)$	—	dyne $\text{cm}^{-2}$	

$\Psi_1$	first normal stress coefficient	$N_1/\dot{\gamma}^2$	—	Pa·s <sup>2</sup>	m <sup>-1</sup> ·kg	—	dyne·s <sup>2</sup> ·cm <sup>-2</sup>
$\Psi_2$	second normal stress coefficient	—	—	Pa·s <sup>2</sup>	m <sup>-1</sup> ·kg	—	dyne·s <sup>2</sup> ·cm <sup>-2</sup>
$\eta_0$	limiting viscosity at zero shear rate	$\lim_{\dot{\gamma} \rightarrow 0} (\sigma/\dot{\gamma})$	Pascal second	Pa·s	m <sup>-1</sup> ·kg·s <sup>-1</sup>	Poise	dyne·s·cm <sup>-2</sup>
$\eta_\infty$	limiting viscosity at infinite shear rate	$\lim_{\dot{\gamma} \rightarrow \infty} (\sigma/\dot{\gamma})$	Pascal second	Pa·s	m <sup>-1</sup> ·kg·s <sup>-1</sup>	Poise	dyne·s·cm <sup>-2</sup>
$\eta_s$	viscosity of solvent or continuous medium	—	Pascal second	Pa·s	m <sup>-1</sup> ·kg·s <sup>-1</sup>	Poise	dyne·s·cm <sup>-2</sup>
$\eta_r$	relative viscosity	$\eta/\eta_s$		dimensionless		dimensionless	
$\eta_{sp}$	specific viscosity	$\eta_r - 1$		dimensionless		dimensionless	
$[\eta]$	intrinsic viscosity	$\lim_{c \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\eta_r - 1}{c} \right)$	—	—	m <sup>3</sup> ·kg <sup>-1</sup>	—	g <sup>-1</sup> ·cm <sup>3</sup> or specified units of concentration

## Nomenclature for Small Amplitude Oscillatory Motion

Symbol	Name	Units				
		SI System			cgs System	
		Name	Symbol	Dimensions	Name	Units
$\omega$	angular frequency	hertz or radians per second	Hz rad/s	$s^{-1}$	—	$s^{-1}$
$t$	time	second	s	—	second	s
$\tau$	relaxation time or retardation time	second	s	—	second	s
$\eta^*$	complex dynamic shear viscosity	Pascal second	Pa·s	$m^{-1} \cdot kg \cdot s^{-2}$ or $N \cdot s/m^2$	poise	dyne·s·cm <sup>-2</sup>
$\eta'$	dynamic viscosity					
$\eta''$	out-of-phase component of $\eta^*$					
$B^*$	bulk dynamic complex compliance	—	Pa <sup>-1</sup>	$m \cdot kg^{-1} \cdot s^2$ or (m <sup>2</sup> /N)	—	cm <sup>2</sup> dyne <sup>-1</sup>
$B'$	bulk storage compliance					
$B''$	bulk loss compliance					
$B(t)$	bulk creep compliance					
$D^*$	tensile dynamic complex compliance	—	Pa <sup>-1</sup>	$m \cdot kg^{-1} \cdot s^2$ or (m <sup>2</sup> /N)	—	cm <sup>2</sup> dyne <sup>-1</sup>
$D'$	tensile storage compliance					
$D''$	tensile loss compliance					
$D(t)$	tensile creep compliance					

$E^*$	tensile dynamic complex modulus	Pascal	Pa	$m^{-1} \cdot kg \cdot s^{-2}$ or (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	—	dyne cm <sup>-2</sup>
$E'$	tensile storage modulus					
$E''$	tensile loss modulus					
$E(t)$	tensile relaxation modulus					
$G^*$	complex dynamic shear modulus	Pascal	Pa	$m^{-1} \cdot kg \cdot s^{-2}$ or (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	—	dyne cm <sup>-2</sup>
$G'$	shear storage modulus					
$G''$	shear loss modulus					
$G(t)$	shear relaxation modulus					
$J^*$	complex dynamic shear compliance	—	Pa <sup>-1</sup>	$m \cdot kg^{-1} \cdot s^2$ or (m <sup>2</sup> /N)	—	cm <sup>2</sup> dyne <sup>-1</sup>
$J'$	shear storage compliance					
$J''$	shear loss compliance					
$J(t)$	shear creep compliance					
$K^*$	bulk dynamic complex modulus	Pascal	Pa	$m^{-1} \cdot kg \cdot s^{-2}$ or (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	—	dyne cm <sup>-2</sup>
$K'$	bulk storage modulus					
$K''$	bulk loss modulus					
$K(t)$	bulk relaxation modulus					
$\mu^*$	complex dynamic Poisson's ratio		dimensionless		—	—
$\mu'$	in-phase component of $\mu^*$					
$\mu''$	out-of-phase component of $\mu^*$					

Nomenclature for Small Deformation Linear Elasticity

316

Symbol	Name	Units				
		SI System			cgs System	
		Name	Symbol	Dimensions	Name	Units
<u>Simple Shear</u>						
<i>G</i>	shear modulus; modulus of rigidity	Pascal	Pa	$m^{-1} \cdot kg \cdot s^{-2}$ or (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	—	dyne cm <sup>-2</sup>
<i>J</i>	shear compliance	—	Pa <sup>-1</sup>	$m \cdot kg^{-1} \cdot s^2$ or (m <sup>2</sup> /N)	—	cm <sup>2</sup> dyne <sup>-1</sup>
<u>Bulk (Isotropic) Compression</u>						
<i>K</i>	bulk modulus	Pascal	Pa	$m^{-1} \cdot kg \cdot s^{-2}$ or (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	—	dyne cm <sup>-2</sup>
<i>B</i>	bulk compliance	—	Pa <sup>-1</sup>	$m \cdot kg^{-1} \cdot s^2$ or (m <sup>2</sup> /N)	—	cm <sup>2</sup> dyne <sup>-1</sup>
<u>Tensile Extension</u>						
<i>E</i>	Young's modulus (tensile modulus)	Pascal	Pa	$m^{-1} \cdot kg \cdot s^{-2}$ or (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	—	dyne cm <sup>-2</sup>
<i>D</i>	tensile compliance	—	Pa <sup>-1</sup>	$m \cdot kg^{-1} \cdot s^2$ or (m <sup>2</sup> /N)	—	cm <sup>2</sup> dyne <sup>-1</sup>
<i>μ</i>	Poisson's ratio	dimensionless			—	—

SINGLAFF

available (*Rheology, Vol. 4*, Academic Press, New York, 1967). Also, the systemization of non-linear nomenclature was considered to be premature. A future committee should be organized to consider this vital area of rheology.

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